

73SB-641

April 25, 1973

Dr. Herbert G. Vaughan, Jr.,
Department of Neurology,
Albert Einstein College of Medicine,
1825 Eastchester Road,
Bronx, N.Y.

Dear Doctor Vaughan,

An announcement in *Biomedical News* of February, 1973 reported that "Shock therapy can produce some cellular disruption following large numbers of shocks, according to Dr. Herbert G. Vaughan, Jr., associate professor of neurology at Einstein Medical School, Bronx, N.Y. Some consider 100 a large number, others stop at 12". I am editing the proceedings of a conference on the Psychobiology of ECT, and would like to augment the reports with any data in this regard. I am writing to ask for the citation upon which the quotation is based; or, if it is unpublished, I would be grateful for a summary or description of the project such as may be available.

Thank you for your assistance.

Sincerely yours,

Max Fink, M.D.
Professor of Psychiatry

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